

Claims:

1. A method for handling an optical pulse signal by ensuring at least one operation from the following: pulse shaping, treatment of nonlinearity and monitoring, the method comprising steps:

providing a signal handling device capable of performing a cascaded second harmonic generation (SHG) with respect to a particular fundamental harmonic (FH),

selecting an optical path length in said signal handling device, suitable for performing at least one of said operations with respect to an incoming optical pulse signal carried by a wavelength defined by said particular fundamental harmonic (FH),

conveying the incoming optical pulse signal carried by said wavelength along the selected optical path in said signal handling device,

obtaining from said signal handling device at least one output optical pulse signal from a list comprising: 15

- an output optical pulse signal at the fundamental harmonic (FH), wherein the treatment of nonlinearity and/or the pulse shaping are performed,
- an output optical pulse signal at the second harmonic (SH) for further monitoring it and judging about said input optical pulse signal.

2. The method according to Claim 1, enabling the operation of nonlinearity treatment, wherein at the selecting step such an optical path length is selected for conveying the incoming optical pulse signal with a known amplitude via the signal handling device, that is substantially close to the length upon passing which the output optical pulse signal at the fundamental harmonic (FH) reaches the maximum peak power.

3. The method according to Claim 1, ensuring the operation of pulse shaping, wherein at the selecting step such an optical path length is selected for conveying the incoming optical pulse signal with a known amplitude via the signal handling device, that is substantially close to the shortest optical path

The model is estimated by using the following equation:

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11. The method according to Claim 9, comprising conveying the optical pulse signals of different said optical channels via one and the same common signal handling device.

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12. The method according to Claim 9, comprising selecting optical channels with better results of the signal handling for transmitting information having higher priority.
13. A device for handling an optical pulse signal from the point of at least one of the following operations: pulse shaping, treatment of nonlinearity and signal monitoring,
- the device being capable of performing a cascaded second harmonic generation (SHG) with respect to a particular fundamental harmonic (FH),
- the device being characterized by such an optical path length selected for an incoming optical pulse signal carried by a wavelength defined by said particular fundamental harmonic (FH), that upon conveying said incoming optical pulse signal along the selected optical path, the device enables obtaining at least one output optical pulse signal from a list comprising:
- an output optical pulse signal at the fundamental harmonic (FH), wherein the treatment of nonlinearity and/or the pulse shaping are performed,
 - an output optical pulse signal at the second harmonic (SH) suitable for further monitoring and judging about said input optical pulse signal.
14. The device according to Claim 13, suitable for pulse shaping and having the optical path length close to the shortest one upon passing which the outgoing FH optical pulse signal reaches the maximum peak power.
15. The device according to Claim 13, comprising a second-harmonic-generating (SHG) element selected from a non-exhaustive list including: a second harmonic generating (SHG) optical crystal and a second harmonic generating (SHG) polymer fiber.
16. The device according to Claim 15, wherein said SHG element constitutes an SHG optical crystal selected from a non-exhaustive list comprising KTP, KDP and BBO.

17. A device for handling an optical pulse signal, if applied at a particular wavelength, from the point of at least one of the following operations: pulse shaping, treatment of nonlinearity and signal monitoring;

the device comprising an SHG element for performing a cascaded Second Harmonic Generation with respect to a Fundamental Harmonic (FH) defined by said particular wavelength,

said element being covered by mirror surfaces at least at its two opposite facets and leaving at least two windows at said opposite facets for an incoming optical beam and an outgoing optical beam respectively, the arrangement being such to create one or more internal reflections of the optical beam if passing between said two windows, thereby providing an extended internal optical path.

18. The device according to Claim 17, wherein said extended internal optical path has the length suitable for obtaining an outgoing optical pulse signal on the fundamental harmonic (FH) with a peak power close to maximum and/or an outgoing optical pulse signal on the second harmonic (SH) with a non-zero peak power.

19. The device according to Claim 18 suitable for pulse shaping, the device having substantially the shortest length of the extended internal optical path, upon passing which the outgoing FH optical pulse signal reaches the maximum peak power.

20. The device according to Claim 17, wherein the element has a cubic form and is covered at its two opposite facets by mirror surfaces leaving two windows at said opposite facets for an incoming optical beam and an outgoing optical beam respectively, the windows being arranged to obtain an extended optical path of the optical beam through the element.

21. The device according to Claim 17, provided with more than two windows for incoming and outgoing beams, thereby enabling selection and activation of any pair of such windows for adjusting length of said internal optical path.

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- selecting a Second Harmonic Generating (SHG) element for the device, sensitive to a fundamental harmonic (FH) defined by the particular wavelength;

selecting, by a suitable calculation, at least one relation between amplitude of the pulse to be applied to the pulse-treatment device at said wavelength and an optical path to be passed in the device to ensure either the maximum output peak power of an outgoing pulse signal at the FH, or a non-zero peak output power of an outgoing pulse signal at the SH; 5

arranging for at least one input port and at least one output port defining at least one optical path of the selected relations.

30. The method according to Claim 29, comprising the design of the element with mirror surfaces so as to form between the input and output ports at least one multi-segment trajectory resulting from internal reflections in the element.

31. The method according to Claim 28 comprising, for effective pulse shaping, the selecting of the SHG element with smaller values of its mismatch parameter.

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